

# From Cocktail Napkin to Concept Feasibility



Spacecraft Design in Early Formulation with TATER

Presented by Kristina Hogstrom

Co-authors:

Jonathan Murphy, Steven Zusack, Andrew Coffey, Chester Borden, Alan Didion, Damon Landau, Adam Nelessen, Macon Vining, & Robert Miller

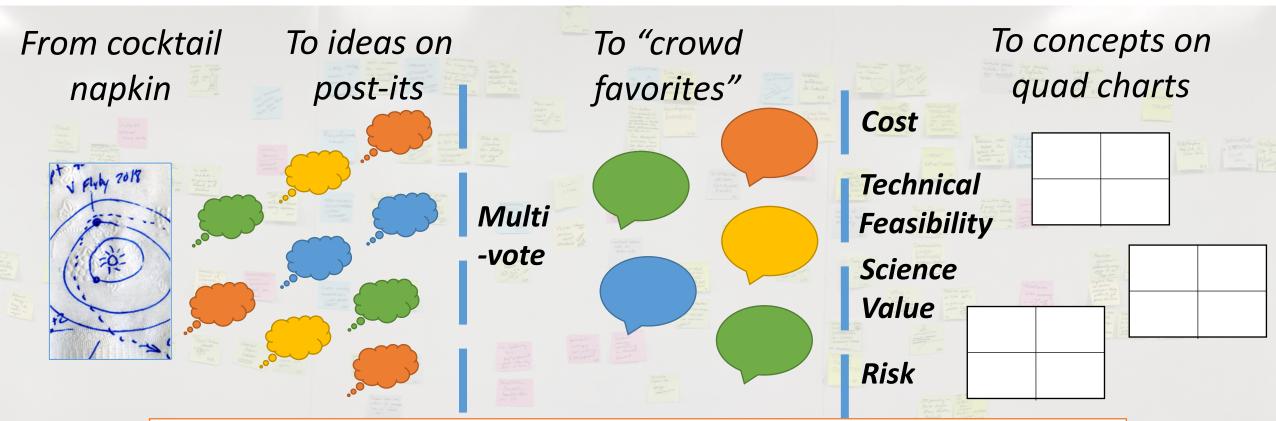
Jet Propulsion Laboratory, Pasadena, CA



JPL Innovation Foundry

## Concept Feasibility and the A-Team





select most promising concepts

Need to quantify figures of merit early in the formulation process to

# The Toolbox for Architectural Tradespace Exploration and Refinement

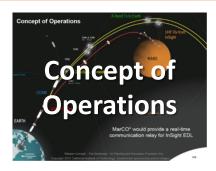


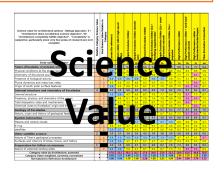
## TATER covers all of the driving factors needed to describe and compare concepts









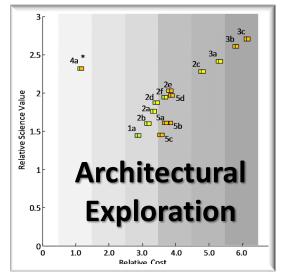


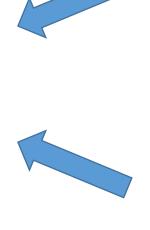


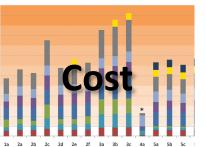














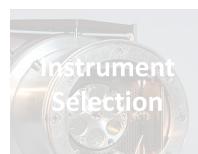
© 2019 California Institute of Technology. Government sponsorship acknowledged.

# The Toolbox for Architectural Tradespace Exploration and Refinement



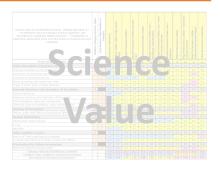
## TATER covers all of the driving factors needed to describe and compare concepts







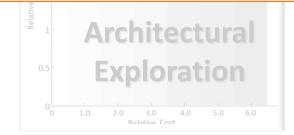




Mission Design



Generates mass and power estimates at the subsystem level, and cost at the flight element and mission level





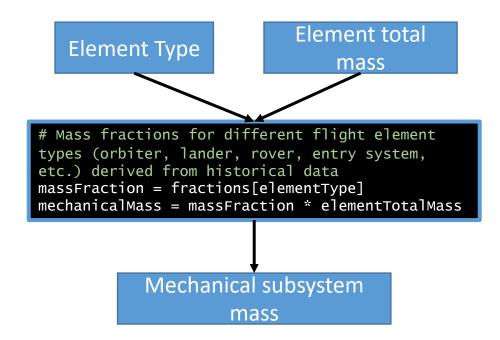


# The TATER Spacecraft Design Model



TATER is a collection of subsystem-level and component-level models, based on physics or regressed from historical data

Model that estimates the mechanical subsystem mass as a fraction of the total flight element mass

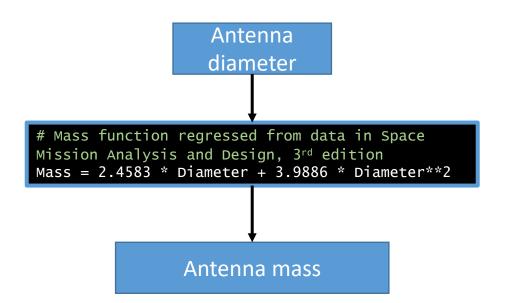


# The TATER Spacecraft Design Model



TATER is a collection of subsystem-level and component-level models, based on physics or regressed from historical data

Model that estimates the antenna mass as a function of its diameter

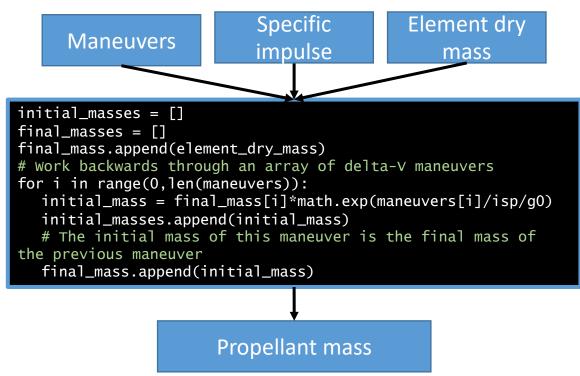


# The TATER Spacecraft Design Model



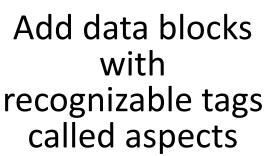
TATER is a collection of subsystem-level and component-level models, based on physics or regressed from historical data

Model that computes the total propellant for a given propulsion system based on a table of delta-V maneuvers and other mass-changing events

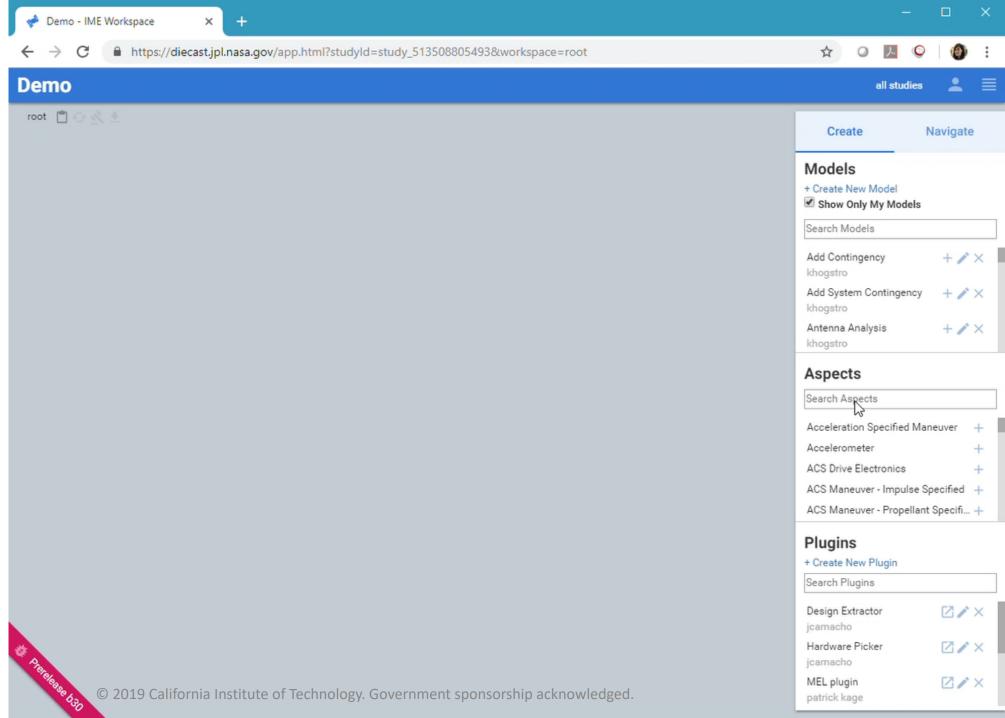




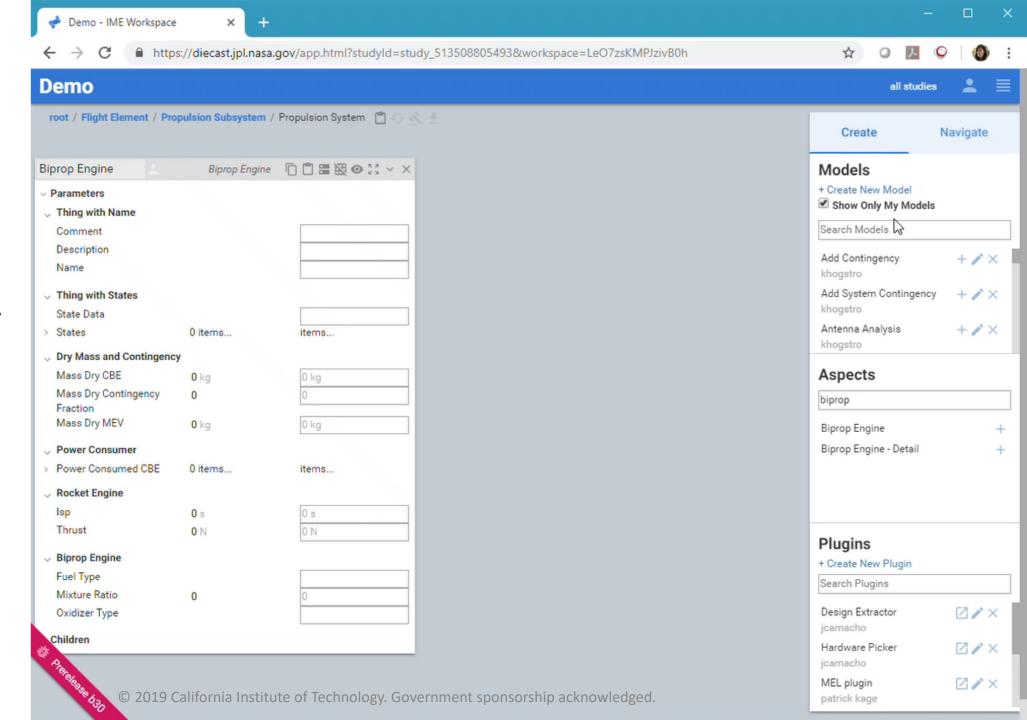
# TATER in the Integrated Modeling Environment



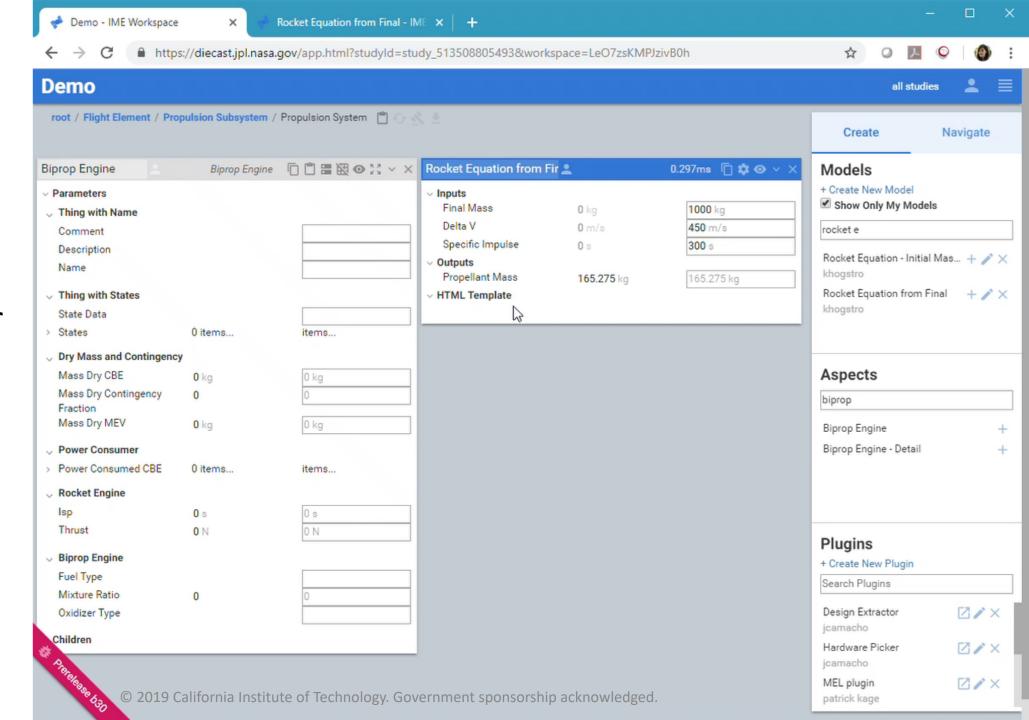
Nest data blocks to create tree structure



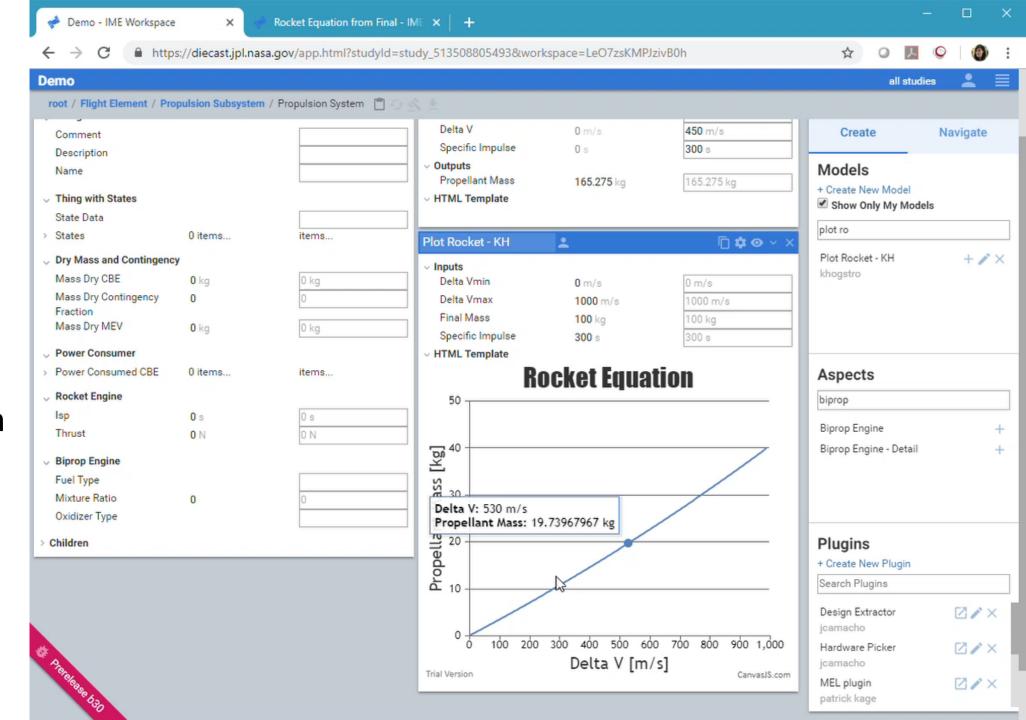
Create models with Python or SpreadJS and visualize with HTML



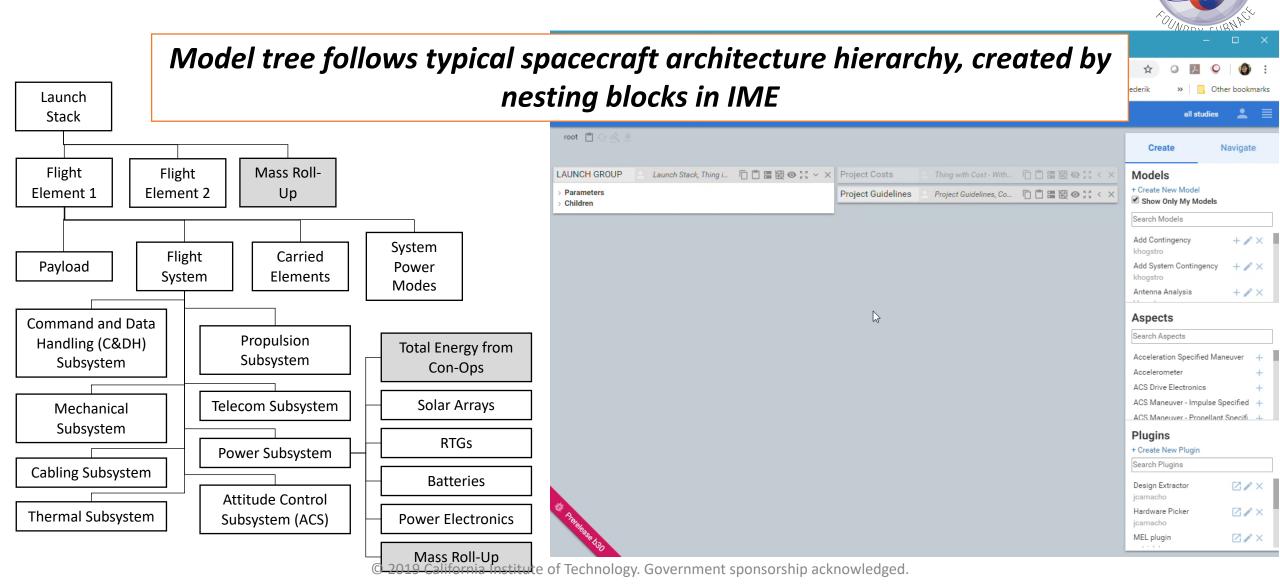
Create models with Python or SpreadJS and visualize with HTML



Link blocks together with intuitive path language and dynamic search results

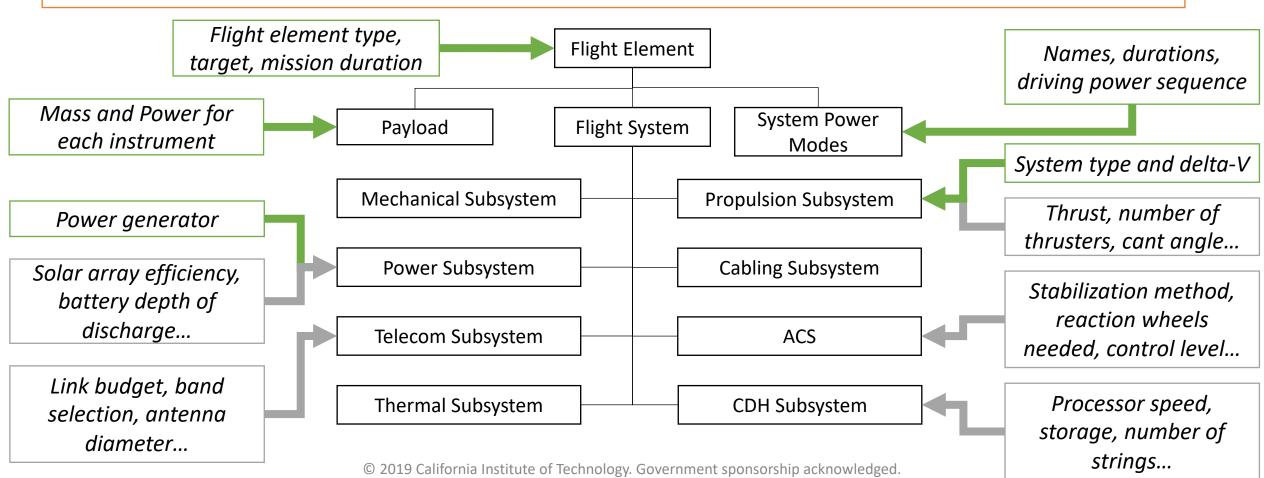


## TATER Tree Structure



## TATER Inputs

User starts with a pre-configured template that includes a default value for every flight system input. Results increase in accuracy and fidelity with better inputs.



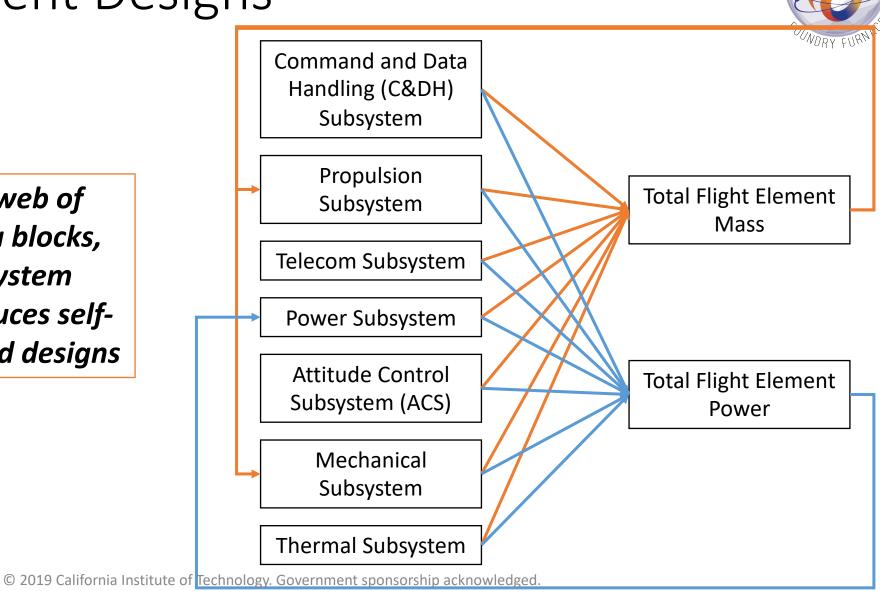
Mass link

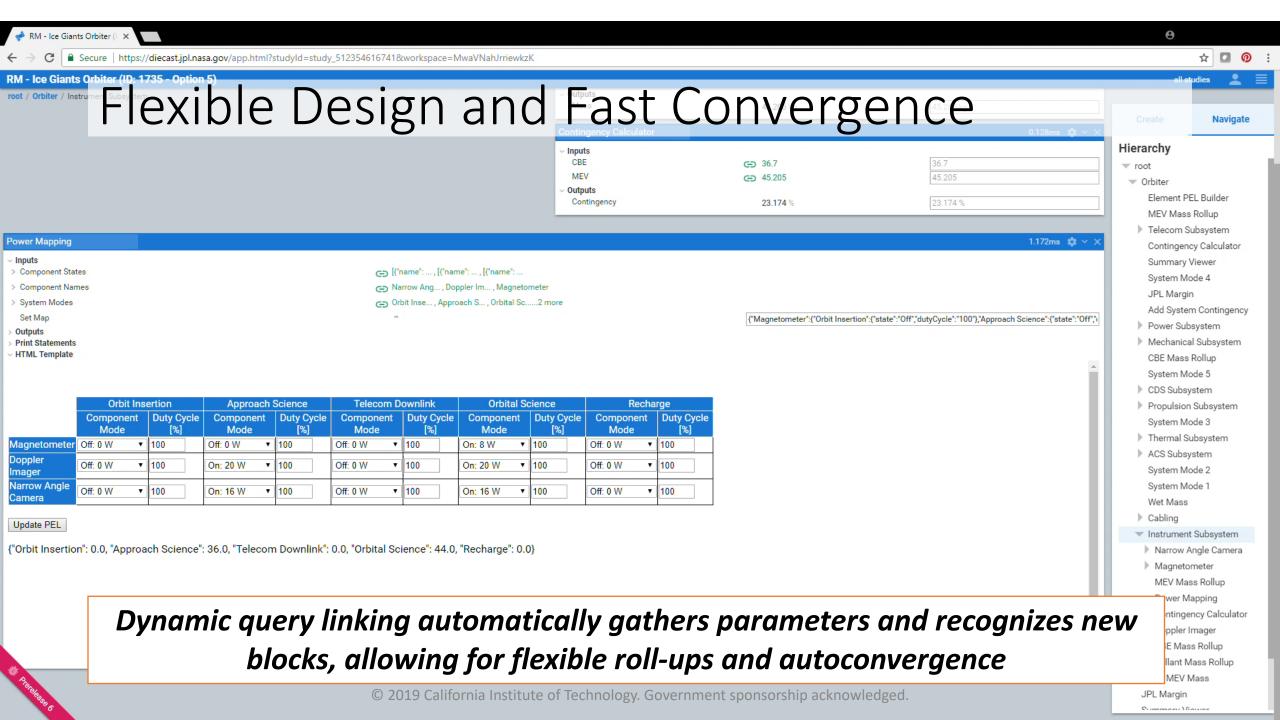
Power link



Self-Consistent Designs

Through an intricate web of linked models and data blocks, TATER captures subsystem dependencies and produces self-consistent and converged designs

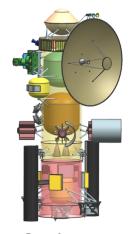




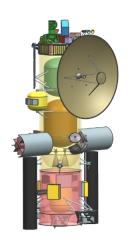
## Verification and Validation



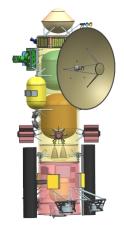
# Compared Team X and TATER subsystem masses for the six options studied in the 2017 Ice Giants pre-Decadal report



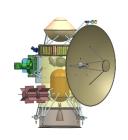
Option 1: Uranus orbiter SEP stage Probe



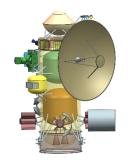
Option 2:
Uranus orbiter
SEP stage
No probe



Option 3:
Neptune orbiter
SEP stage
Probe



Option 4:
Uranus fly-by
All chemical
Probe



Option 5: Uranus orbiter All chemical Probe

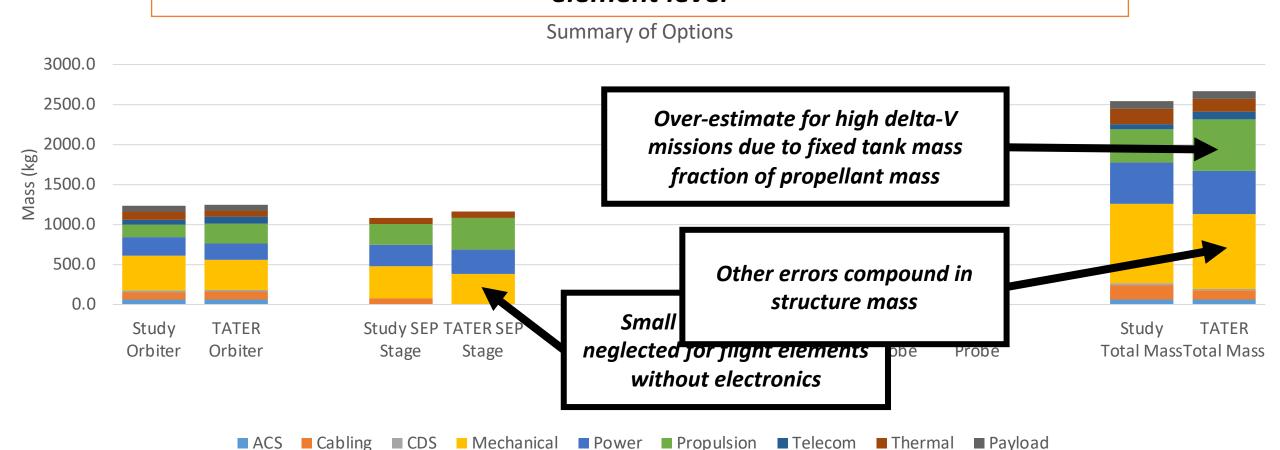


Option 6: Uranus orbiter All chemical No probe

## Verification and Validation



# TATER matched the Ice Giants study results to within 14% at the flight element level



## Conclusions and Future Work



### TATER is ready for application to mission studies in A-Team

### **Model Improvement**

- Resolve discrepancies identified in initial validation exercise
- Repeat validation
- Increase validation scope to include power, cost, and wider range of architectures
- Add capabilities and models for selected subsystems and new technologies

## **Software Improvement**

- Explore multiple architecture options and perform Monte Carlo trades
- Time-dependent sequences and states for con-ops

## TATER Beyond the A-Team

#### Common system-level architecture across the Foundry Drag-and-drop replacement of models Do deep dives and increase fidelity Side-by-side comparison of versions A-Team Power A-Team Team XTelecom ACS A-Team A-Team System **Structures Propulsion** Model A-Team A-Team Thermal **CDH**

#### ACS

#### Inputs

- CML-3 inputs
- Stack mass

#### Team X Analysis

- Inertia tool
- Reaction wheel sizing
- Hardware picker

#### Outputs

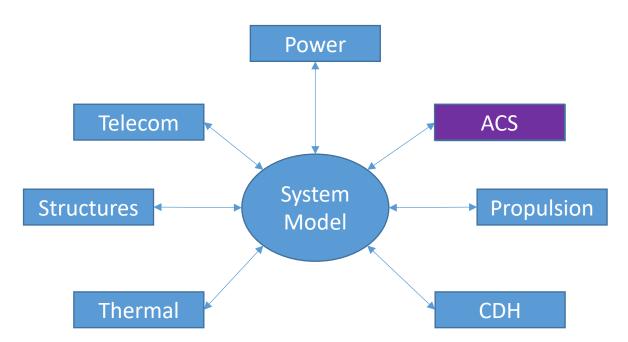
- Subsystem mass
- Subsystem cost
- MEL/PEL

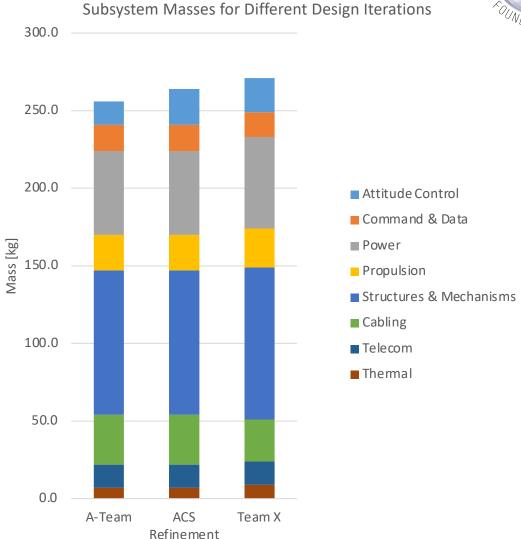
© 2019 California Institute of Technology. Government sponsorship acknowledged.

# TATER Beyond the A-Team



Common system-level architecture across the Foundry Drag-and-drop replacement of models
Do deep dives and increase fidelity
Side-by-side comparison of versions





© 2019 California Institute of Technology. Government sponsorship acknowledged.





- JPL Innovation Foundry
- Foundry Modernization team
- JPL Project Systems and Formulation Section (312)

This research was carried out at the Jet Propulsion Laboratory, California Institute of Technology, under a contract with the National Aeronautics and Space Administration.